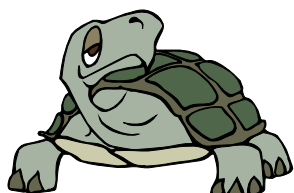


## SAMPLE INVESTIGATION

# EFFICIENCY RATIOS

An efficiency ratio is the ratio of surface area to volume of a shape.

e.g.: A particular rectangular prism has a surface area of  $88 \text{ cm}^2$  and a volume of  $48 \text{ cm}^3$ . Its efficiency ratio is  $88 \div 48$  and is expressed as a percentage i.e. 183%.

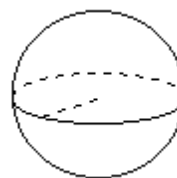


Efficiency ratios are important in biology with the study of heat loss of animals, and in physics with heat loss and gain of containers.

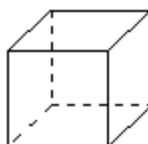


- \* Using the formulae given at the end of this page examine the efficiency ratios for various spheres, cubes, cones and cylinders.
- \* Look at which shape is the most efficient (i.e. has the LOWEST ratio).
- \* Look at how increasing the radius of a sphere or length of a cube affects its efficiency ratio.
- \* Look at how different shaped cones and cylinders have different efficiency ratios.

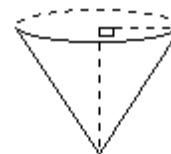
$$V(\text{sphere}) = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \quad SA(\text{sphere}) = 4 \pi r^2$$



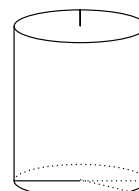
$$V(\text{cube}) = l^3 \quad SA(\text{cube}) = 6l^2$$



$$V(\text{cone}) = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \quad SA(\text{cone}) = \pi r s + \pi r^2 \text{ where } s \text{ is slant height}$$



$$V(\text{cylinder}) = \pi r^2 h \quad SA(\text{cylinder}) = 2 \pi r h + 2 \pi r^2$$



**ASSESSMENT TASK**

**EFFICIENCY RATIOS**

The formulae you require for this assessment are printed here:

$$V(\text{sphere}) = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \quad SA(\text{sphere}) = 4\pi r^2 \quad V(\text{cube}) = l^3 \quad SA(\text{cube}) = 6l^2$$

$$V(\text{cone}) = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h \quad SA(\text{cone}) = \pi r s + \pi r^2 \text{ where } s \text{ is slant height}$$

$$V(\text{cylinder}) = \pi r^2 h \quad SA(\text{cylinder}) = 2\pi r h + 2\pi r^2$$

1. Calculate the efficiency ratios for;

(a) A sphere of radius 3 cm \_\_\_\_\_% (4 marks)

(b) A cube of edge length 7 cm \_\_\_\_\_% (4 marks)

(c) A cone with height and radius both 4 cm \_\_\_\_\_% (4 marks)

(d) A cylinder with height and radius both 5cm \_\_\_\_\_% (4 marks)

2. (a) If you are trying to find **the most efficient shape** for a vacuum flask to keep your coffee hot, which of the four shapes would you choose: sphere, cube, cone, cylinder; rank them in order from the least efficient to the most efficient. (Do NOT rely on the values in question 1).

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ (4 marks)

- (b) The answer for question 2(a) can not be found from the results of question 1. Explain why not and how an answer could be found.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_. (2 marks)

3. As the radius of a sphere increases what happens to its efficiency ratio ?

\_\_\_\_\_. (2 marks)

4. The efficiency ratio for a cube is always  $\frac{6}{l}$ .

Use the formulae to show why this is true. (3 marks)

5. A rodent with cylindrical body shape loses most of its heat from its body. Will a rodent with body length 10cm and radius approximately 5cm be more heat efficient than one with a length of 5cm and radius of approximately 10cm? Show working to justify your answer. (3 marks)